



MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, 1897.

While the democrats in Congress should, of course, vote against the plundering Dingley bill and all its provisions, their opposition should go no further. The republicans have a majority in both branches of Congress. Many of them are really opposed to the outrageous measure, though all will vote for it, on pain of loss of the administration's favor. But should its passage be defeated or unnecessarily delayed, they would lay the blame of the deferred arrival of prosperity, and of the continued and increasing hard times, upon the democrats, by whom such defeat or delay had been brought about. Better let them go their own gait with as little obstruction as possible. When an evil is inevitable, its approach should be expedited, rather than delayed, as the sooner it comes, the sooner it is over.

ENGLAND is the only foreign country that has not protested against the Dingley bill. The English are the wisest people in the world. So far from protesting, they are delighted at the prospect of the passage of that bill, knowing, as they do, that while it will restrict trade between this and that country, it will have the same effect on that between this and all other countries, and that the trade of the latter that now comes here, will and must come to them. All the other countries must have manufactures, and if they can't pay for them with their own products, they will go to England for them, where they can.

ONE WHITE, and two negro, volunteer military companies, and Governor O'Ferrall, if he be well enough, will go from Richmond to New York to take part in the Grant memorial services there on the 27th. General Gordon, the commander of the ex-Confederate veterans, has not been invited, and Colonel Mosby, at the last moment, has received an invitation to take a staff position in the parade, accompanied with an explanation that the delay in sending it was caused by "inadvertences," though a Southern organization in New York had previously made a special request that he should be invited.

THE BANK officers association of Boston, at their annual banquet last week, applauded Mr. Cleveland to the echo. Well, its members would have been monsters of ingratitude if they had failed to do so, for all the friends the bankers, not only of this, but even of foreign countries, have, none has profited them more than the ex-President. They rallied to his side almost to a man last November, when he deserted the party that had showered riches and honors upon him, and it would have been worse ingratitude even than that he manifested toward the democrats, if they had failed to remember him at their banquet.

AS THE republicans in the U. S. House of Representatives have such a large majority that they can do any thing that may please their fancy, and as the people of the country, by their votes, gave them that majority, Mr. Bailey is doubtless right in not fighting them, as it is impossible for the democrats to be benefited in the slightest degree thereby. Sane men do not put their heads against a brick wall. Wise policy on the part of the democrats in Congress would be to give the republicans all the rope they want, as though they will probably hang themselves, they can hardly do the country any more harm than they have already.

AS ALL the four hundred employees of the Berlin Iron Bridge Company at East Berlin, Connecticut, voted the republican ticket last November, under the impression that their condition would be benefited by doing so, they now feel like kicking themselves, as their hours of labor have been increased from eight to ten. But they will be deceived just as easily at the next election. Notwithstanding what Mr. Lincoln said on the subject, a large majority of the voters of this country can be deceived all the time. Bray them in mortars and they will be the same still.

THE GERMAN government, seeing the use to which Cubans are putting their American naturalization papers, has issued an order prohibiting Germans who have been naturalized here, from making any prolonged stay in their fatherland. If a man be so disgusted with his own country that he voluntarily denaturalizes himself, he should be content to remain in his new home, or, if he finds that he has made a mistake, he should surrender his naturalization papers and go back to his old one.

THERE has been an advance in the price of every article on which the tariff has been raised by the Dingley bill, so that even though the duties imposed by that bill be reduced, and its retroactive clause be stricken out, consumers will be the sufferers, as the amount of the duty has already been added to the price of the articles referred to, and that price the people are now paying and will continue to pay, though none of it will go into the public treasury until that bill shall have become a law.

As ALL the city and county democratic conventions, when assembled to select their delegates to the State democratic convention, will endorse the Chicago platform, it must follow, as the night the day, that the State convention will do likewise.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, April 19.

Virginia postmasters appointed today were: Cleveland, Dr. C. Cook; Glasgow, G. W. Jones; Point Pleasant, J. R. Rogle.

The application of A. A. Spitzer for collector of customs at Richmond, Va., was filed today.

W. A. Jones, of Wisconsin, and Robert V. Belt, of Maryland, have been offered and have accepted the respective offices of Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Their nominations are likely to go in to the Senate today.

Speaker Reed today designated ten members of the House as a committee to accompany the remains of Congressman Seth L. Milliken to Maine and to represent the House at the funeral.

There seems to be no diminution of the crowds which besiege the White House. Members of Congress and office seekers thronged the portals in front while the children at the egg rolling romped in the rear today. Senator Platt, of New York, called before 10 o'clock but did not see Mr. McKinley.

The contest over the position of consul general to Berlin, one of the most desirable positions in the consular service, has been settled by the selection of Julius Goldsmith, of Milwaukee. Senator Clayton, of Georgia, and several members of the Georgia delegation in the House saw the President to urge the retention of ex-Congressman Thomas C. Cabanis as a member of the Davies Indian commission. Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, and Congressman Linney, who have been backing ex-Congressman Settle, of the Tar Heel State, for the vacant judgeship of the eastern district, but who were informed that Mr. Settle could not be appointed because he did not live in the district, today endorsed T. R. Pernell and it is believed that the appointment will be made shortly. Representative Skinner and Representative White (colored), of the same State, are clashing over the consulship to Victoria, B. C. The former is supporting J. B. Resbess and the latter John P. Leach. Leach has Senator Pritchard's endorsement. At noon the President denied himself to all callers, sending out word that he was engaged with public business.

Congressman Walker, ex-Congressman Brown and Mr. Walker, the defeated republican candidate for Congress in the 7th district of his State, all from Virginia, called on the Secretary of the Treasury today and requested him to appoint Mr. W. W. Cobb, of Pittsylvania county, Va., consul at Rio Janeiro in place of Mr. Wm. T. Townes, of Virginia, who now holds that office. The republican Senators were in caucus today nearly two hours and adjourned when the Senate met, without reaching any agreement. The entire time was consumed in a discussion of committee organization, with incidental mention of tariff. The proposition which had been submitted by the democratic managers to the republican committee was opposed by many Senators, more especially by Senators Chandler, Baker and Elkins. The caucus adjourned to meet at the call of the committee having the reorganization in charge.

Captain Beatty was offered the place of chief deputy of Collector Agnew, but declined it for the reason that he supposed he would be located in Lynchburg. When he found out that his headquarters would probably be in Alexandria, he thought about reconsidering his declination, but it was then too late, as Mr. Beemer, of Clarke county, whom he had recommended, had been offered the position and accepted it. The Captain, however, will get a good place.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor met here today for its quarterly session. One of the principal objects of consideration will be how best to carry on and expedite the movement for the general establishment of an eight hour work day in private as well as public employment. The council will be in session several days.

Judge William R. Day, of Canton, O., who will leave here in a few days for Havana to investigate the Ruiz case, saw the President for a few minutes today.

A movement is understood to be in progress having for its object the revocation of that part of the civil service rules which applies to the clerical force of pension agencies. Under the rule an agent cannot remove an employee without the approval of the commissioner of pensions. The objectors contend that the agents, who are heavily bonded, amounting ranging from \$75,000 to \$150,000, should be allowed to select those to whom they entrust the work and for whom they are held responsible.

Two cases recently argued in the Supreme Court of the United States by President Harrison, were today decided by that court, and both in favor of the contention of the ex-President. One of these cases involved the right of the city of Hammond, Ind., to annex land belonging to Caroline M. Forsyth, which she resided. She sought to enjoin the collection of taxes and after failing in the State courts took the case to the federal courts. In these courts she also failed, and the decisions were affirmed by today's opinion. The other case was that of the City Railway Company vs. Citizens' Railroad Company of Indianapolis. In this case the court decided that the charter of the city company did not expire until 1901.

The Supreme Court today refused the application for a writ of certiorari and habeas corpus asked by Elverson B. Chapman, the broker who refused to testify in the sugar speculation investigation whether Senators had speculated in sugar stocks while the Wilson tariff bill was before the Senate. Chief Justice Fuller, who delivered the opinion, held that the Senate under its constitutional right to inquire and expel members, had the right to investigate the alleged improper conduct of Senators, and could compel witnesses to give testimony. The sentence of the supreme court of the District of Columbia to 30 days in jail and \$100 fine was affirmed and Chapman's application for writs of certiorari and habeas corpus were denied. Brokers Macartney and Seymour, Messrs. Havemeyer and Seabury, of the sugar trust, correspondents E. T. Edwards, of the Philadelphia Press, and John S. Shriver, of the New York Mail and Express, all refused to testify in the sugar speculation investigation committee, and are affected by the decision. Mr. Chapman is the only recalcitrant witness who has been tried by the courts, his being a test case. The Chief Justice held that as the answers to the questions propounded would affect the conduct of Senators and would show whether any Senator had dealt in any stock the price of which was raised or lowered by the Senate's action, the court does not deem such questions an unreasonable search into the private affairs of the recalcitrant witness.

The Easter egg rolling festival in the White House grounds took place today. It was an ideal spring day, warm and balmy. Thousands of merry, laughing children, with baskets of many-colored eggs, began trooping into the grounds before 10 o'clock, accompanied by their parents and nurses, and by noon there were fully 5,000 children on the lawn in the rear of the Executive Mansion rolling eggs, rollicking up and down the hills and playing about the fountain. It was a very mixed gathering, white and black together. A stand for the Marine band was erected in the grounds just south of the main veranda, but the band did not play until late in the afternoon. Mrs. McKinley sat at the window overlooking the scene for an hour.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

Mr. Herbert F. Moore, proprietor of Moore's Hotel, Leonardtown, Md., died of rheumatism, on Friday, aged fifty-six years.

Representative Seth L. Milliken, of Maine, died in Washington last night of pneumonia. He was born at Montville, Waldo county, Me., and was about sixty-five years old.

It is reported in Berlin that Prince Hohenlohe, the German chancellor, has tendered his resignation and that Emperor William refused to accept it. The Prince exchanged visits with M. Hanotaux, the French minister of foreign affairs, in Paris on Saturday.

The body of General Grant was removed yesterday evening from the temporary tomb at Riverside Park, New York, which has sheltered it for nearly twelve years, to the imposing mausoleum which is designed to be its permanent resting place. There was no elaborate ceremonial.

Rev. D. Corbett, a Roman Catholic priest, attached to the Cathedral parish, at St. John, N. B., fell from the third-story window of the bishop's residence early yesterday morning, and was instantly killed. It is presumed he was taken with a weak spell, raised the window to get air, lost his balance, and fell out.

THE FLOODS.

A dispatch from Vicksburg, Miss., says: At 6 p. m. the gauge was 51.8, a fall of three-tenths in twenty-four hours and a total of six tenths since the crevasse occurred at Biggs' levee at ten o'clock Friday night. The situation in Madison parish, La., is hourly growing worse. The flood of water making through the Biggs break is fast covering the lowlands and is flooding Bayou Vidal and the greater part of lands south. The water has reached Tallulah, eighteen miles west of Delta, which is on the river bank. Delta is about depopulated, only enough persons remaining to look after the flooded houses. Planters in central and northern portions of Madison are placing their stock within reach of boats on the river front or at stations on the line of the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad, so they can be moved in the event of another break in the upper portion of the parish.

Much anxiety is still felt for the levee line of the delta as many predict the fall will be of short duration, the fear that the water will return to its highest point. It is now estimated that not less than 8,000 people will need relief in the next thirty days at least. Lieutenant Crowley, of the United States army, reached Vicksburg from Washington yesterday, having been detailed to duty there to purchase rations and distribute relief.

WAR DECLARED.

The Turkish government has declared that owing to the renewal of Greek invasions of Turkish territory a state of war exists, and diplomatic relations with Greece have been broken off. The Greek government claims that the Turks are the aggressors, having attempted to occupy a strategic Turkish battery at Prevesa, Epirus, fired upon and sunk a Greek steamer, and the Greek fleet bombarded Prevesa.

According to telegrams from Actium, 2,000 Greeks have crossed the Gulf of Arto from Vonitza to Salagora and are now marching on Prevesa. Various reports are current as to the landing of the insurgent band on the Chalkis peninsula. Bugles are sounding in various quarters of the city, soldiers are hastening to their barracks, and bodies of troops, hurriedly equipped, are being dispatched to the front amid enthusiastic ovations from the crowds that fill the streets.

According to the general understanding of the Turkish plan of campaign is a concentration of the Turks near the important Greek frontier town of Tynavos, with a view of forcing the mountain passes leading toward Larissa. One report, which is general credited, has it that Edhem Pasha, at the head of 12,000 men, has already begun his movement, and rumors in this respect are flying, the substance of them being that the battle which is expected to be fought at or near Tynavos has already commenced.

The Greek plan of campaign, so far as it is understood by the Albanians, is founded on the defense of Larissa in the first instance, an attack upon that place having been anticipated and prepared for by occupying and taking every possible advantage of all strategic points. The country there is admirably suited for defense, and, while this defense is undertaken, the Greek fleet is relied on to destroy the coast ports of Epirus and Macedonia. The Greek belief in ultimate success is based on the expectation of a universal rising of the Macedonians and Epirotes as soon as the Greeks succeed in winning a brilliant victory anywhere over the Turks.

Mustapha Bey, minister from Turkey to this country, called on Secretary of State Sherman yesterday. He submitted to the secretary the dispatch he had received from his government which notified him that all diplomatic relations with Greece had been severed by Turkey and that the army had been directed to protect Turkish interests on the frontier.

A dispatch from Harrisburg, Pa., says that James B. Gentry, the murderer of Judge York, has been granted a reprieve by the board of pardons.

A Valuable Prescription. Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Steble, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a bottle at E. L. Allen's Drug Store.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Soft crabs are being shipped from the Rappahannock. Shipment of truck has also begun.

It is feared that the heavy frost last week injured a good deal of the fruit in some sections of the counties of the Northern Neck.

A good many cattle are being bought from King Georgians and taken to the grass-farms in Piedmont Virginia to be fattened for the fall markets.

The death of City Sergeant Charles H. Eppe leaves vacant the best office in Richmond and there is a lively contest already on for it. The place is reputed to be worth \$10,000.

It is very probable that the democratic State convention, which will meet probably in August or September to nominate a candidate for governor, will convene in Norfolk.

Mr. S. Wellford Corbin was seized on Saturday with a sudden attack of vertigo on the street in Fredericksburg. He was taken into the Exchange Hotel and soon recovered and left for his home in King George.

Invitations are out for the wedding on April 29 of Miss Ida Perry Lippitt, daughter of Mr. M. L. Lippitt, of Charlottesville, W. Va., and Mr. Edward M. Yates, son of Mr. James E. Yates, of Flint Hill, Rappahannock county.

The Presbyterian congregation of Charlottesville has just closed a contract with Walters & Vandegrift for a new church near the old one at the corner of Second and Marshall streets. The price is to be \$20,750.

The Duvall Engine and Machine Works of Knoxville, the largest plant of its kind in the South, giving employment, when running full, to 300 machinists, was Saturday sold to State Senator Kaufman, of Pennsylvania, who represents a Pennsylvania syndicate, which will remove it to Columbia, Pa.

The Grand Council of Virginia, Royal Arcanum, will meet in Richmond tomorrow and will remain in session two days. The Arcanum membership in Virginia is now 5,055, being a net increase during the past year of 261. Three new councils were organized during the year.

Fire in the business section of Danville early yesterday morning caused damage to the extent of \$55,000. By hard work of the fire department the flames were confined to the grocery and fertilizer stores of Overby & Swanson Bros., and P. L. Gasty, and the small clothing store of Abram Levine. These, with their contents, were totally destroyed.

On Saturday Auditor Marye's staff of clerks completed the work of paying the Confederate pensions to all whose warrants had been received. The General Assembly appropriates \$100,000 to be paid out in pensions. Widows of veterans receive \$40 each and veterans from \$15 to \$100 according to injuries. The law requires that the First Auditor issue the check and that he commence on the 1st of every April.

The suit of Stephen P. Halsey against T. P. Jose & Sons, of England, involving over \$100,000, was concluded in Lynchburg on Saturday night, a verdict being given the English firm for \$27,688. The litigation was the outgrowth of extensive shipments of tobacco. Major Halsey's counsel were Senator John W. Daniel, Judge John D. Horsley and Captain Charles M. Blackford. The Josehs have been represented by Mr. Thomas N. Carter, of Richmond, Mr. G. H. Keane, Major T. J. Kirkpatrick and Mr. F. S. Kirkpatrick, of Lynchburg.

ROBBERS ROASTED THE VICTIMS.

The famous Blakesley family, living three miles from Findlay, Ohio, were robbed and tortured at 3 o'clock Saturday morning by 12 masked robbers. The family consists of Mrs. Rebecca Blakesley, Eliza Blakesley, a daughter, and John and Smith Blakesley, sons. They are the possessors of valuable oil fields and are known as misers. By common report for years they have hoarded money in the house.

The burglars broke into the bedroom where all four people were sleeping, and a desperate fight ensued. Both John and Smith were beaten into insensibility and Mrs. Blakesley and her daughter were bound hand and foot. Torches were applied to their feet to make them reveal the hiding place of the treasures, without avail.

Some of the robbers meanwhile were ransacking the house and found in a bureau drawer, Eliza was the first to release herself from bondage and summoned help from the city.

John Blakesley is in a critical condition and it is feared he will die. Smith's head was cut open and the feet of both women are badly burned.

PRINCESS CHIMAY.—A dispatch from Paris says that the secret of the withdrawal of the Princess Chimay Caraman, nee Ward, of Detroit, from the Folies Bergere, is found in the fact that the friends of the family had resolved to place her children in the front row of the theatre. A crowd of the Belgian friends of Princess Chimay had arranged to go from Charleroi. They were to simultaneously raise the cry "To the maillhouse!"

The friends of the Prince proposed to provoke a duel with Rigo. This challenge the companion of Princess Chimay may need, not of course, have accepted. Nevertheless the tragic side of her adventure, the correspondent of the Times concludes, may have been nearer than was generally supposed.

Destructive Fire.

BERRA, Ohio, April 19.—One of the largest fires in the history of Berra broke out at about 6 o'clock this morning in the central portion of the business part of the town. From this place the fire swept to the adjoining buildings destroying several large stores and numerous barns and small business places. The loss is estimated at over \$50,000. There was a strong wind raging, and, owing to that fact the fire made great headway, but as the fire department has only one small hand pump, they could do almost nothing to stop the fire. Fire companies from Cleveland responded to calls for aid and with their help the fire was soon under control. Twenty-two buildings have been burned to the ground.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or hemorrhoids. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Ernest L. Allen.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 19, SENATE.

The attendance on the floor and in the galleries of the Senate today was unusually large. Rev. Hugh Johnson in his opening prayer invoked divine blessing on those nations struggling for civil and religious liberty and prayed for the speedy termination of all wars. He referred also to the suffering along the Mississippi river.

A resolution for a committee of five Senators to inquire into the issuance of land patents to the Pacific Railroad and to the California & Oregon Railroad and the amounts of subsidies paid to the Pacific Mail Steamship Companies was favorably reported, but on suggestion of Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, went over.

Mr. Vest, of Missouri, returned to the question which precipitated his resolution declaring illegal the recent order of the Secretary of the Treasury relative to goods arriving after April 1st. Mr. Vest said he would call up the resolution tomorrow.

A resolution by Mr. Pettigrew was agreed to, calling on the postmaster general for information as to amounts paid the Southern Railroad for carrying the mails and what steps were taken to prevent false weighing.

Mr. Morgan endeavored to take up the Cuban resolution, but Mr. Pettigrew interposed the Indian appropriation bill, remarking that it was not "unending," while the Cuban question was.

Mr. Davis also appealed to Mr. Morgan not to press the Cuban question as he (Davis) desired today to have an executive session for the purpose, he said, of securing an agreement for a final vote on the Anglo-American treaty of arbitration. The Indian bill was finally taken up.

Mr. Allen offered an amendment for the establishment of an Indian supply warehouse at Omaha.

Mr. Gear said this was designed to take the warehouse away from Chicago. It was to be done he would propose Sioux City, Iowa, as well as Omaha, as an Indian supply point.

It led to extended debate as to the relative merits of various cities as supply points for the Indians.

The Allen amendment was finally agreed to.

An amendment by Mr. Hoar for two additional federal judges in Indian Territory was agreed to.

After a contest, an amendment by Mr. Berry, of Arkansas, was agreed to limiting the rolls of tribes to certain designated classes.

The Indian bill was then passed. A resolution by Mr. Mills, of Texas, was agreed to asking the Secretary of State for information as to the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley act, and what foreign rates on American goods had been reduced in consequence.

The Senate went into executive session on the arbitration treaty.

The Senate agreed to vote on the arbitration treaty on the fifth of May at 4 o'clock p. m.

At 2:15 p. m. on motion of Mr. Hale, of Maine, the Senate adjourned as a mark of respect to the late Representative Milliken.

The Floods.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 19.—The city has caught the fever of excitement and though the authorities insist that the line is well protected and no danger exists, the citizens held several mass meetings and urged action, pledging all the money needed. This has induced the board to build the temporary levees two feet higher. A large force of men are already at work night and day on the upper levees and by to-night this extra caution will be completed. The Carrollton levee, about which most of the agitation is in progress, stands at the head of the finest residence avenue in the city. A groundless fear that New Orleans would attempt to cut the levees at the mouth of the river to save the city has been abroad in adjoining sections for several days, and the rumor has caused the carrying of an armed camp of volunteers on the levee each night.

Although a number of weak places continue to develop the line below Baton Rouge continues firm and there is no cessation of work. Yesterday's fine weather and the absence of the delayed flood kept the gauge stationary below 19 feet. The prediction of 20 feet will probably be verified. Glasscock's levee, 20 miles below Natchez (west bank), has broken.

Vicksburg, Miss., April 19.—The situation is not bettered on the Louisiana side; the water from the Biggs crevasse is overflowing large portions of the upper Madison parish. Telegrams from Ashwood at midnight asked that relief boats be sent to Bayou Vidal that life was in danger. At 8 a. m., the gauge showed 51 feet, a fall of three-tenths in 24 hours. At 11 a. m., it was 51.8.

Foreign News.

ROME, April 19.—The secret consistory today was largely attended. The pope renewed the archbishops of Lyons, Rennes, Rouen and Santiago de Compostela to the cardinalate and formally proclaimed the previously named bishops of Buffalo, Cheyenne, Wilmington and Mobile.

HAVANA, April 19.—A detachment of the Aragon battalion, it is announced, has captured the five remaining members of the insurgent force commanded by Zarraga. It is not known whether Zarraga has surrendered or not.

The Marquis de Bilbao died today. LONDON, April 19.—The news of the outbreak of hostilities on the frontier has caused but little sensation here. It is understood that Turkey has no idea of territorial conquest.

Japanese Colonists.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The steamer City of Para, which sailed this morning for South American ports, carries a party of forty Japanese, who arrived here last week. Those men form the first large lot of emigrants bound for the big Mexican free grant that have yet left Japan. They get the land for ten cents an acre with freedom from all kinds of taxation for the first ten years.

Dr. J. R. Nall, a well known physician of Richmond, died last night.

When you are suffering from Catarrh of Cold in the head you need relief right away. Only 10 cents is required to test it. Ask your druggist for the trial size of Ely's Cream Balm, or buy the 50c size. We mail it.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York City.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The War in the East.

ATHENS, April 19.—Fighting in the vicinity of Reveni and Boughazi lasted throughout Sunday. The Greeks captured two Turkish posts, one of which was retaken later by the Turks. The fighting was of a desperate character, hand to hand, and the Greeks are reported to have advanced into the Damasi plain and to have occupied Vigla, after capturing a battery of Turkish artillery.

Firing recommenced this morning between the Greeks and Turks at several points along the frontier.

Colonel Manos, at the head of 25,000 troops, has crossed the river Araphos, on the frontier of Epirus, and is now entering that part of South Albania, after having driven back the Turkish advance posts. The bombardment of Prevesa was resumed at daybreak. The landing force has not yet attacked the place.

ISLAND OF CORFU, April 19.—The Greek troops are advancing on Filiplada. A large detachment of Greek troops is in readiness to land at Prevesa, the Turkish fortified position north of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta. The forts at that place have been almost completely destroyed by the bombardment of the Greek fleet. Many of the forts have been reduced to ashes. The position of the Turks is untenable and four thousand Greeks have been landed for the purpose of occupying Prevesa. A second dispatch announces that 2,000 Albanians who started into Greece have recrossed the frontier and are now ravaging Epirus.

ELASSONA, April 19.—Information from Turkish headquarters state that it is believed that the battle which will be fought today will be of a decisive character. The Turks have occupied the whole of the Milona pass and all the commanding heights from Neckke to Papalyvas as well as all the defiles. The Turks declare that the Greeks were drunk during the fighting yesterday, being constantly supplied with liquor. The Turkish loss at Karya was 200. Kenan Bey says he counted nearly one thousand dead Greeks.

The Kentucky Senatorship.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 19.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, arrived here this morning and was given an enthusiastic welcome. His rooms at the Capitol Hotel were profusely decorated with flowers by the ladies of Frankfort, and an informal reception will be held in the hotel this afternoon after his speech. He will witness the joint ballot of the General Assembly at noon.

It now looks as if there will be an election at the extra session after all, as a number of the republican leaders have taken up the plan to hold another caucus, and select a nominee other than Dr. Hunter.

It was given out at the headquarters this morning that Hunter, himself, would withdraw after the ballot tomorrow and that Senator Jones, Chairman of the republican caucus, would call a new caucus for either tomorrow night or Wednesday morning. The nominee of the new caucus will be dictated by Hunter—probably Judge W. H. Holt or Senator W. J. Deboe.

There was but little interest in the joint session of the General Assembly today. According to agreement but one ballot was cast for each candidate, after which the joint session adjourned.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

W. D. Cullen, agent of the Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express company, at Ardmore, I. T., committed suicide this morning when the company's traveling agent appeared at the office to examine his books.

Aaron Bartolet, of Richland, Pa., committed suicide Saturday night by shooting himself. When Mrs. Wm. Ferster, a sister of the deceased, learned of the suicide she fell dead.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The stock market opened with a general slump in prices on account of the outbreak of war between Greece and Turkey. The fall in prices was quite general. The precipitate movement to sell exhausted itself soon after the opening and prices steadied, the tone of the market subsiding at the same time into a normal condition.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA.

Flour Extra.....	3 25	a	3 25
Family.....	3 25	a	4 50
Pancies brands.....	5 15	a	5 40
Wheat, longberry.....	0 80	a	0 85
Puliz.....	0 80	a	0 84
Mixed.....	0 80	a	0 84
Fair.....	0 70	a	0 75
Barley.....	0 60	a	0 65
Corn, white.....	0 31	a	0 33
Yellow.....	0 31	a	0 33
Corn Meal.....	0 33	a	0 35
Eye.....	0 23	a	0 24
Oats, mixed (new).....	0 18	a	0 20
White.....	0 22	a	0 23
Butter, Virginia, packed.....	0 13	a	0 15